

Degree of Adjective

Hello, Super Students! Have you ever wanted to tell someone that your teddy bear is bigger than your friend's teddy bear? Or that your dog is the fastest pet in the neighbourhood? Today, we're going to learn how to do just that using special words called **adjectives**!

Remember, adjectives are words that describe nouns (people, places, animals, or things). Like "tall," "happy," "small," or "colorful." But guess what? Adjectives can change their shape when we want to **compare** things! Let's learn about the three ways adjectives can compare. ---

1. Simple Adjective (Positive Degree)
2. Comparative Adjective
3. Superlative Adjective

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❖ **Simple Adjective (Positive Degree)**

We use a simple adjective when we are just talking about **ONE** thing. We are not comparing it to anything else. It's the regular way we use an adjective. Let's see some examples:

- a. The apple is **red**. (Just talking about one apple)
- b. My brother is **tall**. (Just talking about my brother)
- c. The flower is **beautiful**. (Just talking about one flower)
- d. This story is **funny**. (Just talking about this one story)

When you describe one yummy cookie, you just say, "This cookie is **sweet!**" No comparisons needed.

1. SIMPLE ADJECTIVE (POSITIVE DEGREE)

	The apple is red .
	My brother is tall .
	The flower is beautiful .
	This story is funny .
	This cookie is sweet!

Uses **ONE** thing.
No comparisons.

Sweet 



❖ **Comparative Adjective (Comparative Degree)**

We use a comparative adjective when we are comparing **TWO** things. We want to show which one has *more* of a quality. We often use the word "than" after it.

For most short adjectives, we add **-er** to the end. For longer adjectives (usually with 2 or more parts/syllables), we put the word "**more**" in front of it. Let's see some examples: This apple is **redder than** that one. (Comparing two apples)

- a. My brother is **taller than** my sister. (Comparing two people)
- b. This flower is **more beautiful than** that one. (Comparing two flowers)
- c. This story is **funnier than** the last one. (Comparing two stories)
- d. The elephant is **bigger than** the dog. (Comparing two animals)
- e. My book is **thicker than** your book. (Comparing two books)
- f. Running is **more exciting than** walking. (Comparing two activities)

Think of it like this: If you have two cookies, and one is sweeter than the other, you'd say, "This cookie is **sweeter than** that one!"

The infographic is titled "2. COMPARATIVE ADJECTIVE (COMPARATIVE DEGREE)". It features two cartoon boys, one taller than the other, with the word "Brother" written below the taller one. To the right, a list of comparative adjectives is shown: "REDDER" (with two tomatoes), "TALLER than", "MORE BEAUTIFUL than", "FUNNIER than", and "BIGGER than" (with a dog and a pig). Below this list is a balance scale with a cookie on each side, one labeled "sweeter". At the bottom left, a text box states: "Uses word 'than' for short adjectives: -er, for long: 'more'".



❖ **Superlative Adjective (Superlative Degree)**

We use a superlative adjective when we are comparing **THREE OR MORE** things (a group!). We want to show which one has the *most* of a quality. It's the "top" one in the whole group! We almost always use the word "**the**" before it. For most short adjectives, we add **-est** to the end. * For longer adjectives, we put the word "**most**" in front of it. Let's see some examples:

- a. This is **the reddest** apple in the basket. (Comparing this apple to ALL the apples in the basket – many!)
- b. My dad is **the tallest** person in our family. (Comparing dad to everyone in the family – more than two!)
- c. This is **the most beautiful** flower in the whole garden. (Comparing this flower to ALL the flowers in the garden)
- d. This is **the funniest** story I have ever read! (Comparing this story to ALL the stories you've ever read)
- e. The blue whale is **the biggest** animal in the world. (Comparing the blue whale to ALL animals)
- f. The cheetah is **the fastest** animal on land. (Comparing the cheetah to ALL land animals)

3. SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVE (SUPERLATIVE DEGREE)

SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVE (3+ things)

	THE REDDEST
	THE TALLEST
	THE MOST BEAUTIFUL
	THE FUNNIEST
	THE BIGGEST 
	THE FASTEST 

Uses word 'the' for short adjectives: **-est**, for long: 'most'





➤ **Quick Guide to Changing Adjectives:**

Positive (One Thing)	Comparative (Two Things)	Superlative (3+ Things)
Short	Shorter	The shortest
Fast	Faster	The fastest
Funny	Funnier	The funniest
Heavy	Heavier	The heaviest
Large	Larger	The largest
Nice	Nicer	The nicest
Famous	More famous	The most famous
Exciting	More exciting	The most exciting
Difficult	More difficult	The most difficult
Good	Better	The Best
Bad	Worse	The Worst
Little/Much	Less	The Least
Far	Farther/Further	The Farthest/Furthest



DON'T FORGET TO CHECKOUT OTHER LESSONS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS TOPIC

******* THANK YOU *******

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